

Month: August

Lesson 5: Our Body - A Living Machine.

I Dictation words

1. Tissue
2. Skeleton
3. Muscular
4. Digestive
5. Circulatory
6. Intestine
7. ureters
8. saliva
9. tendons
10. spinal cord

II Fill in the blanks:

1. The basic unit of life is a cell.
2. Muscles are attached to bones by tendons.
3. The framework of bones in our body is called skeleton.
4. The kidneys remove urine from the body.
5. A group of tissues form an organ.

III Match the following

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---|------------------------|-----|
| 1. Tissue | - | Digest food | (4) |
| 2. Nervous system | - | group of similar cells | (1) |
| 3. Heart | - | Brain and spinal cord | (2) |
| 4. Stomach | - | Helps in movement | (5) |
| 5. Muscles | - | Pumps blood | (3) |

IV Short answers

1. What are the functions of a skeleton?

Ans: A skeleton gives shape and support to the body. It also protects soft internal parts present in the human body.

2. Explain the role of saliva in digestion.

Ans: (i) Saliva softens the food, mixes with it and starts the digestion process.
(ii) It also helps us swallow food easily.

V Long answers.

1. Explain the process of Excretory system.

Ans * The main organs of this system are kidneys, ureters, urinary bladder and urethra.

* The excretory system removes waste from the body. It removes liquid waste as urine.

* It also removes excess water and salt through sweat.

VI Hots

1) Why should we breathe through our nose instead of our mouth?

Ans: we should breathe through our nose because it cleans the air and keeps dust and germs out of our body.

Social
Lesson: 7. Indian Festivals [Month: August]

I Dictation words.

1. Festivals

11. Baisakhi

2. Republic

12. Onam

3. Independence

13. Bihu

4. Mahatma Gandhi

14. Tamil Nadu

5. Dussehra

15. Gurpurab

6. Religion

7. Harvest

8. freedom

9. Gurudwara

10. National

12. Bihu

14. Tamil Nadu

II Fill in the blanks:

1. India is known as the land of festivals.
2. Gandhi Jayanti is celebrated on 2nd October.
3. Holi is called the festival of colours.
4. Raksha Bandhan celebrates the bond between brothers and sisters.
5. Baisakhi is the harvest festival of Punjab.

III Analogy

1. Holi : Colours :: Diwali : Lights
2. Eid : Muslims :: Christmas : Christians

IV Rewrite the false statement

1. The birthday of Lord Mahavira is celebrated as Buddha Purnima.

Ans: The birthday of Gautam Buddha is celebrated as Buddha Purnima.

2. Basant Panchami is also called Vijay Dashmi.

Ans: Dussehra is also called Vijay Dashmi.

Short answers

1. what are festivals? what do they teach us?

Ans: * A festival is a special period of celebration.

* Festivals teach us to enjoy, share happiness and live in harmony.

2. How do people celebrate Diwali?

Ans: On Diwali, people worship Goddess Lakshmi, make rangolis, decorate houses with candles, light diyas and lamps and exchange gifts and sweets.

3. What are harvest festivals? Name any two harvest festivals of India.

Ans: Harvest festivals are festivals celebrated when crops are ready for reaping. Pongal and Onam are two harvest festivals of India.

VI Long Answer

1. Why do we celebrate Independence Day?

Ans: * Independence Day is celebrated on 15th August every year.

* India became independent from British rule on 15th August 1947.

* The Prime Minister hoists the National Flag at the Red Fort and addresses the nation.

* Schools and offices conduct special programmes to celebrate the day.

* We remember the freedom fighters who sacrificed their lives for our country.

Ans.